§ 75.382

§ 75.382 Mechanical escape facilities.

- (a) Mechanical escape facilities shall be provided with overspeed, overwind, and automatic stop controls.
- (b) Every mechanical escape facility with a platform, cage, or other device shall be equipped with brakes that can stop the fully loaded platform, cage, or other device.
- (c) Mechanical escape facilities, including automatic elevators, shall be examined weekly. The weekly examination of this equipment may be conducted at the same time as a daily examination required by §75.1400-3.
- (1) The weekly examination shall include an examination of the headgear, connections, links and chains, overspeed and overwind controls, automatic stop controls, and other facilities
- (2) At least once each week, the hoist shall be run through one complete cycle of operation to determine that it is operating properly.
- (d) A person trained to operate the mechanical escape facility always shall be available while anyone is underground to provide the mechanical escape facilities, if required, to the bottom of each shaft and slope opening that is part of an escapeway within 30 minutes after personnel on the surface have been notified of an emergency requiring evacuation. However, no operator is required for automatically operated cages, platforms, or elevators.
- (e) Mechanical escape facilities shall have rated capacities consistent with the loads handled.
- (f) Manually-operated mechanical escape facilities shall be equipped with indicators that accurately and reliably show the position of the facility.
- (g) Certification. The person making the examination as required by paragraph (c) of this section shall certify by initials, date, and the time that the examination was made. Certifications shall be made at or near the facility examined

§ 75.384 Longwall and shortwall travelways.

(a) If longwall or shortwall mining systems are used and the two designated escapeways required by §75.380 are located on the headgate side of the longwall or shortwall, a travelway

- shall be provided on the tailgate side of that longwall or shortwall. The travelway shall be located to follow the most direct and safe practical route to a designated escapeway.
- (b) The route of travel shall be clearly marked.
- (c) When a roof fall or other blockage occurs that prevents travel in the travelway—
- (1) Work shall cease on the longwall or shortwall face;
- (2) Miners shall be withdrawn from face areas to a safe area outby the section loading point; and
 - (3) MSHA shall be notified.
- (d) Work may resume on the longwall or shortwall face after the procedures set out in §§75.215 and 75.222 are implemented.

§ 75.385 Opening new mines.

When new mines are opened, no more than 20 miners at a time shall be allowed in any mine until a connection has been made between the mine openings, and these connections shall be made as soon as possible.

§75.386 Final mining of pillars.

When only one mine opening is available due to final mining of pillars, no more than 20 miners at a time shall be allowed in the mine, and the distance between the mine opening and working face shall not exceed 500 feet.

§ 75.388 Boreholes in advance of mining.

- (a) Boreholes shall be drilled in each advancing working place when the working place approaches—
- (1) To within 50 feet of any area located in the mine as shown by surveys that are certified by a registered engineer or registered surveyor unless the area has been preshift examined;
- (2) To within 200 feet of any area located in the mine not shown by surveys that are certified by a registered engineer or registered surveyor unless the area has been preshift examined; or
- (3) To within 200 feet of any mine workings of an adjacent mine located in the same coalbed unless the mine workings have been preshift examined.
- (b) Boreholes shall be drilled as follows: